BRACKETT AFTER GRAFTERS,

PARTICULARLY THE HIGHWAY MANUAL GRAFT.

He Serves Notice That He Will Pound the Committees Until They Report His Bills Bill Introduced to Increase Number of Railroad Commissioners.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.-Senator Brackett of Saratoga has served notice upon the State Senate that he proposes pounding at the various committees to which his bills aimed at "graft" have been referred until they are acted upon. To-day he asked the Senate Internal Affairs Committee to gave State Committeeman Charles H. Betts of Senator John Raines district the graft of publishing the highway manuals, which the towns are obliged to pay for. Senator Brackett said that "the committee should act, for this is a form of graft that

ought to be stopped at once."
Senator Elsberg, who had been out of the room, returned in time to hear this statement, and asked:

"What particular graft bill is the Senator

referring to?" Senator Brackett said it was the Charley Betts graft bill, passed under the guise of a permissive bill, but which has since been discovered to be mandatory, and from every town a dollar or more has been demanded for the manual

Senator Armstrong, who is the chairman of the committee, advised Senator Brackett to save his hot air for the Senate Railroad Committee in the interests of his anti-pass

Senator Brackett informed the Senator from Monroe that he would give him particular and ocular evidence before the session is over that he will not confine his efforts to one single bill, and added: "I shall continue to bombard the Internal Affairs Committee to repeal one graft and the Railroad Committee another if I can."

Assemblyman Agnew (Rep., N. Y.) introduced a bill increasing the number of State Railroad Commissioners from three to seven. The bill provides that two of the four new members shall be from New York city. He thinks this will help the situation some and give New York city what it wants in regard to representation on the commission. Mr. Agnew says the bill is his own creation and is not indorsed

by any organization. The Assembly to-day passed out of its order, through securing unanimous consent, Assemblyman Fish's bill, which gives a legislative investigation committee authority to punish a witness for contempt. The bill will be hurried through the Senate so that it will be a law before the Assembly Judiciary Committee begins the investigation into the charges against Supreme

Court Justice Warren B. Hooker.

The time in which the State commission appointed by the Governor to supervise the erection of Silver Lake Park in Richmond borough is extended two more years by a bill introduced by Senator Burr. It also appropriates \$200,000 to complete the work, and provides for the payment of back salaries from that amount as well as fixing the compensation of the commissioners at \$500 a year. This is the park that is being paid for by New York city. while the administration of that city has no voice in its management and construction, it being mandatory for it to appropriate money, though.

Senator John Raines said to-day that there was no doubt but that sufficient sources could be found from which revenues for the support of the State Governbe borne entirely by the State. The bill appropriates \$300,000 for that purpose, but it is not believed that it will be sufficiently large to meet all the expenses

of taking the census A reminder of the Low sweep bills, which were designed to get Tammany officeholders out of their positions, was had in the Senate to-day by the introduction by Sepator Cooper of a bill which pro-

in the Senate to-day by the introduction by Senator Co oper of a bill which provides that all veterans whose salaries were reduced by those bills should have the original amounts of their salaries restored to them. This bill has been before the Legislature for the last two sessions.

Assemblyman Miller introduced a bill compelling the Long Island Railroad to sell tickets at not more than two cents a mile, and also establishing a rate of half a cent a mile for commutation tickets.

Assemblyman E. E. Charles introduced a bill amending the Constitution so as to provide for hiennial sessions.

Assemblyman Merritt introduced a bill appropriating \$5.00,000 for good roads.

Senator Saxe's bill providing that a violation of the anti-speeding automobile law shall be punished by imprisonment as well as a fine was to-day recommittee. A hearing will be given on it next Tuesday.

The Senate Cities Committee reported favorably Senator Elsberg's bill abolishing ing the office of Coroner in New York city.

Assemblyman Tompkins has introduced

ing the office of Corofier in New York city.

Assemblyman Tompkins has introduced a bill amending the Stock Corporation law by adding thereto provisions affecting the publicity of newly organized, consolidated or associated corporations. For some years affirmative action has been arged by parties interested in the question, notably the United States Industrial Commission of 1898, the claim being made that the public is entitled to more information regarding the plans of organization, consolidation or is entitled to more information regarding the plans of organization, consolidation or the association of corporations, especially in cases where the public is asked to subscribe to the shares of the new organization. The direct evils of the present method are speculation, bribery, stock watering and fraud.

Senator Davis of Buffalo introduced a bill the object of which is to create an

Senator. Pavis of Buffalo introduced a bill the object of which is to create an office for Charles T. Andrews of Seneca Falls. The bill authorizes the Governor to appoint a superintendent of Indian affairs, to hold office for five years, at a salary of \$3,000, and he is to look after the material welfare of the Indians of the State, who number about 5,000. If this bill should pass it would mean an expenditure of a mumber of thousands of dollars annually in addition to the salary of the superintendent.

tendent
The Senate Judiciary Committee to-day decided to report favorably Senator Brackett's bill prohibiting corporations from contributing to campaign funds, and Senator Marks's proposed constitutional amendment providing for additional jurors in murder trials, so that the trial will not be delayed by the illness of a juror, as in the case of the first trial of Nan Patterson.

The Senate Codes Committee also decided to report favorably the bill that Senator Armstrong introduced at the request of District Attorney Jerome. It makes it a misdemeanor for any one to carry a revolver or other concealed weapon.

INSANE MRS. ALTA DUNHAM. Half Sister of Gen. Sickles, and an Heiress, Taken to Poughkeepsle Asylum.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Feb. 8 .- Mrs. Alta Dunham, a half sister of Gen. Sickles and heiress to a large estate, was com-mitted to-night on the affidavits of Docfors Littlewood and Raymond to the Poughkeepsie asylum, because of her hallucination that she is a special envoy of President Roosevelt. She was taken to headquarters on a warrant obtained by her half brother, George Sawyer,

And All in This City Have Defied Their National Body-Get Higher Pay for It. It came out yesterday that the Bricklayers' and Masons' International Union

at its convention in San Francisco expelled disputs over the fireproofing. The convention also reaffirmed the Trenton decision of two years ago by which any contractor paying union wages and observing union conditions could install fireproof

In the meantime the unions in this city have signed an agreement with the Mason Builder's Association containing the usual provision that the installation of fireproof brick cannot be sublet, but must be done act either adversely or favorably upon his by members of that association. As a bill repealing the law of last year which quid pro quo the bricklayers are to have their wages advanced from 65 to 70 cents an hour, beginning with March 1.

To observe the trade agreement will

To observe the trade agreement will mean expulsion from the international union and to obey the orders of the latter will be to violate the best agreement the bricklayers have ever secured.

Local 33 was suspended because its delegate, Luke A. Burke, ordered a strike on a building because the installation of the fireproofing was sublet. Another charge was that James Finn, another delegate of Local 33, tried to assault International President William A. Bowen at a meeting in this city after a dispute about the fireproofing. Delegate Finn said yesterday about this incident:

"There was no threatened assault. Bowen

this incident:

"There was no threatened assault. Bowen was the aggressor. We got into an argument and he wanted to fight. He said he would meet me after the meeting at 125th street and Lexington avenue. I said, 'why not settle it now in the hallway.' I shook my finger under his nose, but that was all there was to the assault."

LABOR LEADERS ACCUSED

Of Attempting to Bribe Illinois Tunnel Company, Which Has Its Own Troubles.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.-Five leaders in the Chicago Federation of Labor will be accused of attempted blackmail in connection with the defence of the forgery case involving Albert G. Wheeler of the Illinois at all he would first vote for the Davey bill Tunnel Company and others.

Tunnel Company and others.

The five labor men will be named before the Grand Jury as having attempted to hold up officials of the tunnel company as a consideration for their heading off an investigation into the company that was to be set on foot by the Federation. The attempt, it is alleged was made in was to be set on foot by the rederation. The attempt, it is alleged, was made in August last when the Electrical Workers' Union demanded an investigation of the subway, charging that non-union men were employed. The labor men, it is alleged, first asked a leading official of the tunnel company for \$10,000, and upon refusal the price was dropped gradually to \$400.

OVER 5,000 MEN LOCKED OUT.

Trouble Brought On by Fight Between

Rival Unions in Same Trade. The members of the Building Trades Employers' Association of Hudson County, N. J., shut up shop yesterday morning and locked out between 5,000 and 8,000 employees holding union cards. There was a

general suspension of building operations in Jersey City and in other municipalities in the county.

The primary cause of the lockout was the refusal of the Building Trades Council to settle difficulties arising from the fight between rival steamfitters' unions.

A committee approximed at a meeting of A committee appointed at a meeting of the employers' association on Thesday night called upon the material men yesterday and asked them not to supply material for any jobs on which the building trades union men are employed. It was said last night that the material men will grant the request to-day. request to-day.

OBITUARY.

James Pott, the publisher, died yesterday, ment could be secured, and for that reason he amended the bill providing for a State enumeration so that instead of the cost being divided among the counties if will cased to doubless. In 1890 Mr. Pott secured the agency of the New York Bible and Common Prayer Book Society, and sporty afterward of Eyre & Spottiswoode, the Queen's afterward of Eyre & Spottiswoode, the Queen's Printers, Macmillan & Co., and many other well known London publishers and in 1846 of the Cambridge University Press and the Baster publications. Throughout this point of the Cambridge University Press and the Baster publications. Throughout this point of the Cambridge University Press and the Baster publications. Throughout this point, and the Cambridge University Press and the Baster publications. Throughout this point, and the Baster publications. Throughout this point, and the Baster publications of the Baster publication of the discose of New York and for about forty years had been treasurer of the discose He also held that office for the New York Archdescoury and the New York Bible and Common Prayer Book Society. His home was at 866 West Seventy-first street.

Francis Eyre Parker died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 196 West Fifty-nint street. He was a Princeton man, class of 71, was graduated from Columbia law school and was for a time employed by Shipman, Barlow, Larcequie & Chaese of himself and three years later formed a partners ship with Robert Ludlow Fowler. He was a member of the University, Riding and Fencietia Marce years, Riding and Fencietia Marce years, Riding and Fencietia Marce years, Riding and Fencietia Marce years are elded to socialism. He defied and store of the Ludlow Fowler. He had heard the distinguished to socialism. He defied and three years had been treasurer of the was a member of the Ludlow Fowler. He was a member of the Ludlow Fowler. He was a member of the Ludlow Fowler. He was a member of the Judge He was a partner of the great wind the control of the partner of the fowler. He was a member of the Ludlow Fowler. He was a member of the Ludlow Fowler, and feature of the fowler was appointed to the any in 1861 as Assistant Paymaster, and kerved in the civil war on the Fotomac, the Vermont, the Circassian, the Republican party was born and also at Annapolis. He was promoted to the partner of the fowler of the fowler of the fowler Printers, Macmillan & Co., and many other

the navy.

Benjamin Wood, who died on Monday at his home, 139 Washington avenue, Brooklyn in his sixty-sixth year, served with distinction in the navy during the civil war. He was wounded while in command of the Tristram Shandy at the battle of Fort Fisher. He has been in the real estate business in the Wallabout district several years.

Probated Borden Ames hanker died years.

Wallabout district several years.
Richard Borden Ames, banker, died yesterday at his home, 516 Warburton avenue, Yonkers, of apoplexy. He was florn in Middletown, Conn., in 1846, and was educated in the schools of Middletown. He had been connected with the banking business for the last thirty-five years, being with the firm of Hatch & Foote until they failed a few years aro. He is survived by a widow and two children.

Long Short

Only Scotch Whisky

United States Which is Supplied by

Special Warrant

of Appointment to the

House of Lords At Clubs, Cafes, Hotels and of Dealers

BRICKLAYERS UNION EXPELLED HAIL ROOSEVELT AS LEADER

IN THE MATTER OF REGULATING RAILROAD RATES.

Bricklayers' Union 33 of this city in the House Democrats Congratulate Him on His Adoption of Democratic Measures -Mr. Vreeland, (Rep.) Says the Pending Bill Is Not Regulation, but Confiscation.

> WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 .- President Roose elt was formally acknowledged as the leader of the Democratic hosts in the matter of Government regulation of railroad rates by Mr. James, the youthful giant of Kentucky and other Democrats in speeches on the railroad question made in the House to-day. This, together with the repudiation by Mr. Vreeland (Rep., N. Y.) of the proposed legislation as Republican doctrine, indorsed by the Republican party, were the interesting spets in an otherwise

dull and monotonous debate. The five minute stage of speechmaking was reached to-day and despite the fact that the consideration of the rate bill was suspended an hour while the electoral vote was officially counted in joint convention of the two houses of Congress, 126 speeches were made and adjournment occurred nearly an hour before it was taken on any of the previous days. Four hours debate to-morrow will conclude the talking and by 5 o'clock it is expected that the Each-Townsend bill will have been passed with but a few opposing votes.

One of Mr. Hearst's lieutenants, Mr. Shober (Dem., N. Y.), expressed his regret that minority management of the situation had lost to the Democratic party an opportunity to secure to the people some adequate legislation on the matter at issue. This was the more to be regretted, he added, because similar mismanagement had forced nominations at the St. Louis convention, the result of which was seen last November. He eulogized the Hearst bill as alone competent to deal with the problems presented by the condition of to-day, but said

and then for the Esch-Townsend bill. Mr. Van Dusen (Dem., Nev.) declared that he was for regulation of railroad rates and would stand with President Roosevelt in the position he had taken, "for," said he, "no more courageous act since Andrew Jackson's attack upon the United States Bank has ever been done than that of the President in taking hold of the question or railroad regulation."

at all he would first vote for the Davey bill

Messrs. Padgett (Tenn.), Bartlett (Ga.) and Cochran (Mo.), Democrats, discussed the majority bill from a legal standpoint, he latter expressing the hope that no Democrat would vote for it.

The majority bill found its first advocate of the day in Mr. Burke (Rep., S. Dak.) who said that after giving the subject much study he was in favor of legislative regulation of railroads engaged in interstate commerce. The pending bill did all that was demanded and all that was necessary at the present time. He was followed by Mr. Esch (Rep., Wis.), one of the joint authors of the majority bill, and Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., Ohio), also in favor of the

bill.

Mr. Thayer (Dem., Mass.) congratulated the Republicans of the House, the majority of the Committee on Interstate Commerce and especially the President upon their adoption and support of the Democratic measure now pending.

Mr. Scudder (Dem., N. Y.) announced his inability to vote for either of the pending bills.

of the country, and was not republican in policy. It was not regulation of property; it was confiscation. It has been said that the bill tended to socialism. In Mr. Vree-land's opinion it was socialism. He defied any one to point out in any Republican plat-form a declaration in favor of taking away from the owners of railroads the right to

Mr. Kyle (Rep., Ohio) took issue with Mr. Vreeland that the proposed legislation was not Republican doctrine. There had come up from all the people all over the country a cry for relief, and the Republican party was born and continued to have its being to afford relief from conditions that opposed the people; so that whether or was born and continued to have its being to afford relief from conditions that oppressed the people; so that whether or not there had been any formal declaration in the Republican platform or elsewhere it was none the less Republican doctrine.

Mr. James (Dem., Ky.) boildly claimed President Roosevelt as the leader of the Democratic hosts and gladly volunteered as follower. Speaking of the President's action, he said: "This has not burst upon the country like a meteor; it has been the constant burning red light of danger in the political firmament. The Democracy has seen it and the Democracy has called attention to it. I look forward to the day when he will send a message to Congress saying that he wants this House to put all trust made articles on the free list. I look forward to the day when he will send a message to the Congress saying that we ought to go back to the pristing days when he was esteemed right to be bornes, when it was esteemed right to be saying that we ought to go back to the pris-tine days when it was esteemed right to be honest, when the taxation should be borne by rich and poor alike, and ask us to re-habilitate the income tax in this country. [Democratic applause.] I want to say now to the President that this side of the cham-ber will follow him when he fights under our ber will follow him when he fights under our flag. We know that the soldiers followed him galtantly up San Juan Hill, but no more galtantly than the Democracy will follow him when he charges the Harriman-Vanderbilt-Cassatt-Hill in this country of wealth and greed. (Applause on the Democratic side.) We are willing for Theodore to lead us as long as he walks in advance to the Democratic party advocating its principles." [Democratic applause.]

Mr. Gaines (Dem., Tenn.), explaining why he voted with the Republicans for the rule to consider the bill, said he had found the Republicans for once willing to do right, although it was with a cat-o-nine-tails wielded over their backs by the President, and he wanted to help them.

After further debate the House adjourned.

Union Fighting Board Organizes.

The board of representatives of the Associated Building Trades, which will have charge of all strikes decided on in the building trades, organized vesterday with these officers: Joseph Healey of the Amalga-mated Painters, president, James Morrison of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, vice-president; J. W. Whitford, Electrical Workers, secretary, and John Cronin of the Tile The Cook & Bernheimer Co., Sole Distributers | Layers' Helpers, sergeant-at-arms.

Formal Evening Clothes.



After candlelight the well groomed man never appears at a social function clothed in anything else but a dress suit or dinner coat. But the important thing is that the clothes should be just so, that is if he is particular. Our dress clothes appeal to the particular man-in style, workmanship and fabric.

DINNER COATS - Special at \$12.50. Made of black unfinished worsted, with silk shawl collar.

FULL-DRESS SUIT-Special at 125. Made of hard-finished dress worsteds, silk-faced to

Other dress suits, silk-lined, at prices ranging

Every other requisite for Evening Dress is here—of standard qualities

Vogel Brothers 42nd Str. Cor. But ADR

MEN'S SHIRTS AND PAJAMAS MADE TO ORDER

3. Altman & Co. ARE PREPARED TO MAKE TO ORDER MEN'S SHIRTS AND PAJAMAS, AND HAVE PROVIDED FOR SELECTION, A NUMBER OF DESIRABLE PATTERNS IN SCOTCH MADRAS, CHEVIOT, FRENCH PERCALE, BATISTE RAYE, SILK MIXTURES AND NON-SHRINKABLE FLANNEL

FAKE WIRETAPPERS INDICTED

THE SIMPLE FELIX HAS HIRED LAWYERS TO GO AFTER 'EM

And the Lawyers Say That Though There's Nothing to Show It He's Bich Beyond a \$50,000 Bet-Revelation of Virtues of Steve O'Brien-Warning to Crooks.

The sad state of Mr. John F. Felix, who says he gave \$50,000 to a wire tapping gang in the Fifth Avenue Hotel (not the Hoffman House, as some persons at Police Head-quarters reported on Thesday), seemed somewhat improved yesterday. He employed lawyers; one firm to sue Lou Ludlum and other gambling house keepers in the civil courts, and another to push the prosecution of the wiretapping gang in the

bills.

Mr. Vreeland (Rep., N. Y.) told the committee that for the first time in his membership of six years he found himself out of harmony with his political associates upon any material matter of legislation. He could, he said, give but an idea of the reasons which prevented him from voting for the rule to consider the bill or for the passage of the bill.

The Esch-Townsend bill, he declared, The Esch-Townsend bill, he declared, at thing these jawyers did was to make a public announcement, that their client was rich enough to lose \$50,000 without committing suicide; Commissioner McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the judget of the said, give but an idea of the reasons which prevented him from voting for the rule to consider upon the first thing these jawyers did was to make a public announcement, that their client was rich enough to lose \$50,000 without commissioner McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the judget of the judget of the reasons which prevented him from voting for the rule to the first thing these jawyers did was to coats for "At homes; who need was the client was rich enough to lose \$50,000 without commissioner McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the impression on McAdoc having had the judget of the judg criminal courts. The Each-Townsend bill, he declared, was not approved by the Republican party of the country, and was not Republican in that there was more behind. But they wouldn't tell where the bank account was.

Felix is the mysteriousest rich man that ever flitted through the Tenderloin. There is nothing about his office or his associations in the city, except what he tells himself or has his lawyers tell for him, to indicate that his pocketbook is an unfailing fountain of wealth, or why it should be.

Next to the indictment of Mr. Frederick Lawson Greene Williams and Mr. Charles J. Toppin, who was also in the place when Felix was bamboozled, Mr. McAdoo took most joy yesterday in contemplating the virtues of Acting Inspector Stephen O'Brien. Somebody had told the Commissioner—he wouldn't tell who it was—that Capt. O'Brien, as late as Tuesday night, might have taken \$25,000 of the swindlers' alleged profits to fix the case against them. Mr. McAdoo's It also came out yesterday that Felix paracious informant went on to convince Toppin, who was also in the place when as late as Tuesday night, might have taken \$25,000 of the swindlers' alleged profits to fix the case against them. Mr. McAdoo's to it the case against them.

veracious informant went on to convince
the Commissioner that Capt. O'Brien
spurned the corrupting offer and sternly
settled down to fasten the shackles of crime Mr. McAdoo made some other announce

ments which created something of a stir about Headquarters. He said, for instance: about Headquarters. He said, for instance:

'I am glad to say that we have got the
man who went by the name of McPherson
and who posed as the manager of the telegraph office in Twenty-second street. I
am much gratified with the way Capt.
O'Brien handled this matter. Of course
everybody knows that less than a thousand
years ago there was a very grave suspicion everyoody and we that less grave suspicion in the public mind that cases like this were the very ones in which the police profited by collusion with the criminals. I want the public to know that if any one is swindled a property or property he should

the public to know that if any one is swindled or loses any money or property he should come to me or to Capt. O'Brien.

"If there ever was a game of 'shooing off the crooks,' it stops now. [Here the Commissioner banged his desk with his fist.] I think it is a very healthy step when the captain of the Detective Bureau comes to me and tells me of every step he takes. I am going to have the two crooks in this case before me; if any of the money is recovered, the victim will get it. There won't be any 'rake-oft.' I don't say there has ever been anything of the kind in my time, but I have heard of it occurring less than a hundred years ago.

HUMOR CURE

Complete local and constitutional treatment for every humour, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age,

CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse, Cuticura Ointment to heal, and Cuticura Pills to cool the blood, may now be had of all drug-The Set gists for One Dollar. A sin-

\$1.00 gle set is often sufficient to

At home. Mondays until Saturdays. From 8 to 6. To meet men who need frock

13th st. 32d st.

best known name of "Toppin," was indicted yesterday with Fred Williams. The Grand Jury held them for obtaining money "by trick and device." It is understood that this charge may be changed later it o one more susceptible of proof. The men had previously been arraigned before Magistrate Crane in Jefferson Market police court, who held them for the Grand Luvin is 2000. who held them for the Grand Jury in \$5,000

bail each.

pretended to be an experienced gambler, even though he says he did hand out \$50,000 to be bet on a horserace in a broker's branch office in a hotel. It was rumored that yesterday that he had lost something less than a million dollars at Monte Carlo and other cambling resorts on the Continent. other gambling resorts on the Continent. Mr. McAdoo couldn't quite understand yesterday the denial of Felix's lawyers that the alleged \$50,000 was borrowed money. The best the Commissioner could say was that Felix seemed in a very hysterical condition and it would have been very easy

condition and it would have been very easy to misunderstand him.

Toppin was taken to Police Headquarters late yesterday by Central Office men and was led to Commissioner McAdoo's room. When he came out he didn't seem to know exactly where he was going or why. Visitors to the Commissioner's office immediately thereafter found the Commissioner flushed and hot. He said:

'I have just given a bit of news to our friend whom you met going out. I have riend whom you met going out. I have told him that when he gets back to the Tenderloin he can tell his associates in this steal and in other swindling games and the whole tribe of them that they are going to be put out of business. There is no deal on the side for them in this office now. They are going out of business or

am going to have the two crooks in this case before me; if any of the money is recovered, the victim will get it. There won't be any 'rake-off.' I don't say there has ever been anything of the kind in my time, but I have heard of it occurring less than a hundred years ago.

"The moral effect of the Felix case is a good one. I want these crooks to understand that they can do no more business around this place. (Another bang.) There around this place. (Another bang.) There seems to have been an impression in the past that such things might be. I am not hitting attany man in particular on the public payroll. Let what I have said go at its face value."

Chris Tracey, which is said to be the Chris Tracey, which is said to be the Chris Tracey. Which is officed in the side for them in this office frow. The mow The pass to shock him."

In Mr. McAdoo said he did not intend to shock him."

Mr. McAdoo sa

COLLEGE GIRL DISAPPEARS.

Eighteen-Year-Old Michigan Student Missing a Week-Murder Suspected. BERRIEN SPRINGS, Mich., Feb. 8 .- Olive Templeton, 18 years old, has disappeared from the Adventist College in this village. Miss Temple attended chapel exercises last

Thursday morning and basn't been seen Sheriff Tennant received no intimation

Sheriff Tennant received no intimation of the disappearance until this morning. He at once sent deputtes out on the case. St. Joseph River was vainly dragged for several miles. Officers working on a number of clues say every circumstance in the case points to murder.

Misa Templeton is a daughter of a wealthy man at Sawyer, Wis. In her room was found all her clothing, even to the hat and cloak she was accustomed to wear, her cloak she was accustomed to wear, money and all other belongings.

B. Altman & On!

DOMESTIC UNDERGARMENTS.

THE most attractive new designs in Fine Domestic Underwear for the approaching Spring and Summer seasons are represented in the present selections.

Garments of sheer fabrics are shown in simple styles and with elaborate trimmings of the various laces and embroideries, prominent among which is Eyelet Embroidery.

Fine Gowns of Crystalline; Evening Chemises; Vest and Combination Chemises, and Chemises trimmed back and front to waist line or to the bottom of the skirt, are particularly mentioned, and a variety of new styles in Walking Skirts.

Negligee Jackets of Crepe de Chine are displayed in Eton and Shawl effects; also other styles in Japanese effects.

A number of Bridal Sets of Crystalline, Linon and French Nainsook. trimmed with Valenciennes, Bruges, Princes and Torchon laces are included.

In addition, Trousseaux are made to order, and Crests, Monograms and Initials embroidered, in special workrooms connected with the department.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

To-night at 8:30.

"Treasures of many collectors."- Evening Post. "Many of rare merit."-Herald.

"Art lovers had never a chance as good."-Henri Du Bols in the American American Art Galleries

MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK, AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE

TO-NIGHT AND TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, NIGHT Promptly at 8:30 o'clock AT MENDELSSOHN HALL

(FORTIETH STREET, EAST OF BROADWAY.)

Valuable Paintings

MODERN SCHOOLS Belonging to the Estate of Mrs. Sarah B. Conkling, Samuel B. Sexton and Mark Hoyt and Arthur A. Crosby and L. Crist Delmonico

On Free View To-day Until Noon.

ALSO

This (THURSDAY) Afternoon at 2:30

AT THE AMERICAN ART GALLERIES A collection of Delft, Sevres and other Porcelain, Hispano-Moresque Plaques, Original Bronzes, Rare An- ARTISTIC CARVINGS FROM tique Persian, Damascus, and Euro-

pean Arms and Weapons, and a few very fine Etchings by Whistler, Rembrandt, Haden and Jongkind, Cathered During a Recent Visit to collected by the late Mrs. SARAH B. CONKLING.

Japan by MR. B. MATSUKI. The Sales Will Be Conducted by Mr. Thomas E. Kirby, of

AND TO-MORROW

(FRIDAY) and SATURDAY

Afternoons at 2:30 o'Clock

An Extraordinary

Collection of

Arms and Armor

of Old Japan.

ANCIENT TEMPLES

AND PALACES And Other Objects of Interest to Amateurs and Connoisseurs

THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers, 6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York. LAWYERS DON'T GET THE ESTATE. | PATIENT DEAD; DOCTOR ACCUSED.

-#75,000 Involved. Surregate Thomas has decided that the

son, Harry P. Leonard, and Thomas W.

Tyng, Leonard's partner.

Mrs. Egan was sent to a sanitarium some years ago at the instance of her husband, as suffering from alcoholic insanity. She was released in 1898 through the efforts of Leonard and Tyng.

Before her death she made several wills, and the evidence taken before the Surrogate showed that she believed her husband to be flirting with other women. She had to be flirting with other women. She had other delusions about electric wires, spirits and devils which led Surrogate Thomas to say that she was evidently a demented old woman, whose delusions led her to believe that her lawyers had aided her through purely imaginary troubles. Her estate will now be divided according to law.

Probate Refused to the Will of Mrs. Egan Autopsy Leads to the Arrest of Grassi, Who Gave "Patent Medicine."

Coroner Scholer ordered an autopsy will made by Mrs. Julia H. Egan, who died yesterday afternoon on the body of Alesio on April 14, 1904, leaving a \$75,000 estate, Caumo, a laborer, of 142 Sullivan street, who was not entitled to probate. Mrs. Egan | died on Tuesday night after being treated left only \$5 to her husband, James Egan, for a week by Paradi Grassi of 42 Mulberry and divided the residue of her property street, who calls himself a doctor. The among Henry W. Leonard, her lawyer; his autopsy, performed by Coroner's Physician Schultz, showed that Caumo died of acute gastritis, due, it was thought, to some

Coroner Scholer then had a talk with Grassi, in which the latter said that he prescribed patent medicines of his own compounding and did not claim to be a registered physician. Grassi declared that he was a graduate of an Italian medical school, but under the Coroner's questioning withdrew the statement and said he merely had a license to practise medicine in Italy. He has been in this country two years, he said, and has done a big patent medicine business in "Little Italy. Grassi was held in \$1,000 bonds.

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